THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,

A Democratic Family Journal,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,

BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JULY 30, 1866. 48TH YEAR.—NO. 44.

Professional Cards.

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough,

HAMPTON, Adams county, Pa., renews his offer of professional services to the public, and those requiring medical and surgical aid will find it to their interest to consult him. [May 21, 1866. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65. ly

Doctor C. W. Benson,

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,) LITTLESTOWN, PA.

June 19, 1865. tf

Dr. J. E. Ensor,

HAVING located on the Hanover road, ONE MILE EAST OF GRANITE HILL P. O., Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., offers his professional services to the public.

June 18, 1866. 3m

Drs. A. B. Dill & B. F. Herman

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity.

Petersburg, Y. S., July 2, 1866.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stoever.

DENTIST.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street.) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT,

HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Notions & Confections.

A WORD TO THE PEOPLE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE subscriber keeps a Notion and Confectionary Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand, CANDIES, NUTS, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, &c., Tobaccos and Segars of all kinds; Pocket-Books, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.; Soaps and Perfumeries; also some GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, Rice, with the different kinds of Crackers. Ice-cold MEAD at all times. He invites custom from town and country, and sells at small profits.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Aug. 7, 1865. ly

ALL kinds of PICTURES, large and small, neatly and correctly copied at the Excelsior. I. G. TYSON.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Louden Draft RAKES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO. have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞ Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 2, 1866.

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.

Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞ Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa

June 12, 1865. ly

Hanover B. Railroad.

TIME TABLE.—On and after Friday, Nov. 24th, 1865, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN, (which makes connection with three trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations.

☞ This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg, and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 9 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

Dec. 18, 1865.

Cumberland Coal!

A LARGE supply of superior

BLACKSMITH COAL,

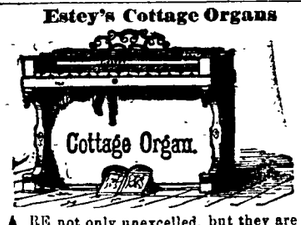
now on hand at reduced price. This Coal is superior to all other Coal in the United States for welding and other blacksmith purposes.

For sale by P. H. PYFER,

City Coal Yard, Frederick city, Md.

June 19, 1865. ly*

Estey's Cottage Organs



ARE not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled*, by any other Reed Instrument in the country. Designed expressly for Churches and Schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room. For sale only by

E. M. BRUCE,

No. 18 North Seventh St., Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. [Oct. 2, 1865. ly

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,

No. 308 West Baltimore Street,

Between Howard & Liberty Streets,

May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. ly

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

CANDIDATES.

☞ Our charge for announcing candidates, until the Convention, is three dollars, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Communications recommending candidates, ten cents a line, one insertion—also in advance.

County Commissioner.

EDITOR OF COMPILER.—Dear Sir: Allow me, through the columns of your paper, to suggest the name of JOHN F. FELTY, Esq., of Straban tp., for County Commissioner. He was within one vote of the nomination at the last Convention, and is now clearly entitled to the nomination. Eminently qualified, and personally popular, his nomination would be equivalent to his election. H.

July 23, 1866.

For Sheriff.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JACOB KLUNK.

Germany tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. PHILIP HANN.

Straban tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, the undersigned, (residing in Gettysburg since April 1st, but formerly and for many years a resident of Conowago township,) offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. EMANUEL D. KELLER.

April 16, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JOSEPH A. ORENDORFF.

Mountjoy tp., April 16, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.—Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. REUBEN GOLDEN.

Cumberland tp, April 16, 1866. tc

URGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF, subject of the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated I will spare no honorable efforts to secure my election, and if elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. HENRY BEITLER.

Mountjoy tp., April 23, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JOSEPH WOLF.

Butler tp., April 23, 1866. tc

For Register & Recorder.

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER, at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and satisfactorily. SAMUEL A. SWOPE.

Franklin tp., June 18, 1866. tc

SOLICITED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and correctly. ISAAC MYERS.

Butler tp., May 28, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. I served as Lieutenant in the 165th Regiment, P. M., under Capt. Jacob E. Miller. WM. C. BECK.

Reading tp., May 28, 1866. tc

HAVING been disabled in one arm by a bullet wound whilst serving in the 87th P. V., I have been frequently solicited to offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—which I now do, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I flatter myself that I will be able to discharge the duties of the office correctly and to the satisfaction of the public. WM. D. HOLTZWORTH.

Gettysburg, May 14, 1866. tc

For Clerk of the Courts.

H. G. WOLF will be a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise a correct and faithful performance of the duties of the office. ADAM W. MINTER.

Franklin tp., May 21, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity. JAMES J. FINK.

Gettysburg, May 7, 1866. tc

AT the earnest solicitation of some of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office correctly and with satisfaction to the public. CORNELIUS DOUGHERTY.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tc

County Commissioner.

THROUGH the urgent solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will do my best to discharge the duties of the office in a satisfactory manner. BARNAT MYERS.

Menallen tp., June 25, 1866. tc

RAKES!—RAKES!—A new lot at KALBFLEISCH'S.

SAGO, Arrow Root, Corn Starch, Rice-flour and Gelatin, for sale at Dr HORNER'S Drug Store.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

PURE SILVER WARE and SILVER PLATED WARE of the very best quality, a new assortment just received. Call and see it. J. BEVAN,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

Selected Poetry.

NO DORG TO LOVE.

No dorg to love, none to karess,
How can I ever my sadness express?
Chunk is defunct, dead as a nale,
Hushed in his barkin, and still in his tale;
Oh, such a tale, white on the end,
Opht did he chase it with a wiggle and bend;
Chase it with hope, twisting around,
Till, overcome, he reposed on the ground.
Now he's eckstinct, dead as a nale,
Where am his bark and the wag of his tale?

In dreams, alone, poor chunk I see,
Swigging his milk, or else scratching a flea,
'Tis but a dream, waking I weep,
For under 2 feet of ground does he sleep.
Oh, blissful burp, onst full of pia,
Haven't I fed you day after day?
Given you milk, given you bread,
Given you many a pat on the head?
Now you're eckstinct, dead as a nale,
Where am the bark and the wag of your tale?

No dorg to luv, nun to karess,
Vainly I strive the sad tears to repress,
Why did ye die? Sadly I mone,
Was it from pizen, or swallin a bone?
No waggin tale, no beamin eye,
Answer the questin, or give a repli;
Was it a fit—stoppage of breth—
Eatin 2 much the sad cause of your deth?
Still not a word, dead as a nale,
Dim is his eye, stilled forever his tale.

Agricultural & Domestic.

HARVESTING BUCKWHEAT.

The American Agriculturist says:—"The excellence of buckwheat flour depends chiefly on the management of the grain between the time of ripening and grinding. The common way of treating buckwheat effectually prevents making good flour, it being allowed to remain in the swath for several weeks, when it should never be suffered to lie longer than a day or two, and it is decidedly better for the grain to rake it and set it on end, as fast as it is cradled. Much less grain will be wasted by shelling out; the straw will cure and dry out sooner, and make better fodder; the crop will be ready for threshing or housing in less time; and the grain will yield a much better quality of flour. It is especially injurious to the grain to be exposed to storms before it is set up, for dirt is spattered all over the grain, by the falling of large rain drops. This makes the flour dark-colored and gritty. Wetting and drying the grain several times, destroys the life of the flour. It never will be as white, nor make as good cakes, but will be sticky and the cakes clammy like the flour of sprouted wheat."

BUTTER.

The secret of making good butter is cleanliness and thoroughness, and the time for the most profitable exercise of the art of butter-making is June. The grass is abundant, the cows in full milk, the weather favorable. The milk should not be kept too cool, though this is rarely a fault in dairies. It is enough if it be kept as cool as 60 deg. Fahrenheit, though 55 deg. is not too cool. Cream will rise about this temperature better than any other, and the same is best at which to churn. Milk should stand where the air is sweet and fresh; odors from the kitchen or from the stable, or odors of any kind, indeed, except that of fresh air, should be carefully excluded. Stone floors are desirable, for these can be kept constantly moist and so much cooler than others, and the air ought to circulate freely over and under the pans. Shallow pans are better than deep ones. Work out the buttermilk without touching the hands to the butter, using as little water as possible, or none at all. If the buttermilk is all out, and with it all the milk, sugar and cheesy portions of the milk, butter will keep with very little salt. The more imperfect the working, the more salt is required. In keeping cream several days, put it where the temperature will be uniform and cool, and stir if more is added.

CURING HENS OF SITTING.

A writer in the New England *Farmer* says that he cured his hens from sitting by shutting them up in a tub having an inch or two of water on the bottom. He keeps them there during the day and puts them on the roost at night. If not cured the first day he treats them to the "water cure" another day, when they will be glad to stand on their feet.

ONIONS AND POULTRY.

Scarcely too much can be said in praise of onions for fowls. They seem to be a preventive and remedy for various diseases to which domestic fowls are liable.—For gapes and inflammation of the throat, eyes and head, onions are almost a specific. They should be finely chopped.—A small addition of cornmeal is an improvement.—*Genesee Farmer.*

Choice Miscellany.

Proverbs.—Don't swop with your relashuns unless you can afford to give them the big end of the trade.

Marry young, and if circumstances require it, often.

If you can't git good clothes and edication too, git the clothes.

Say "How are you?" to everybody.

Cultivate modesty, but keep a good stock of impudence on hand.

Be charitable; three-penny cent pieces were made on purpose.

It costs more to borrow than it does to buy.

If a man flatters you, you can kalkelate he is a rogue, or you are a fule.

Keep both eyes open but don't see morn half you notice.

If you itch for fame, go into a graveyard and scratch yourself against a tume stone.

Two armies generally get along quietly until engaged.

Fair Play.—Was it frank, fair or manly to ask the Southern States to ratify the Constitutional Amendments abolishing Slavery, if we intended, after they accepted that condition, to keep them out of the Union?

☞ A wag says of a woman: "To her virtues, we give love; to her beauty, admiration; and to her hoops, the whole pavement."

SPEECH OF HON. HIESTER CLYMER, At the Reading Mass Convention.

Hon. Hiester Clymer of Berks county, the Democratic candidate for Governor, then addressed the assemblage. He said their previous kindness had hardly left life enough in him to enable him to address them at length. He was sure that the men who had come here from all sections of the State would not be disappointed if he addressed them briefly. The harvest was over, and for its abundance they should thank God. But there was another harvest to be reaped amid the frosts of October, when they were to be the reapers, and it would then be seen whether they had strength enough to cut down the weeds of secession and rebellion everywhere growing around them.—(Cheers.) Were they prepared to enter upon a canvass like that now opening? He could ask the whole State this question, as every section of it was represented in those he saw around this Democratic altar. Had they come here swayed by one purpose, that after all that had been expended in war, the Constitution and the Union should be restored? (Cries of "yes" and cheers.) The war is over. The armies of the South have melted away like snow before the sun. There ought to be peace, but why was it that when open war was over, peace had not followed? The South had been obedient to the Constitution since, had chosen representatives and wished for peace, but because they would not bow the knee to New England fanaticism, they were kept under the heel of despotism. (Groans for the Radicals. A voice, "They never will.")

No, the speaker said, and they never ought. (Cheers.) It was not the Democracy who kept the Union divided, but a Radical faction in Congress, who proposed terms which honorable men could not accept. The conservative men of all parties were united against this faction, and in favor of a restored Union. (Loud cheers.) The question to be decided this fall was, whether there should be peace or perpetual war.

The Democracy had throughout its entire history been a party eminently catholic, for its sympathies extended over every inch of land covered by the flag of a common Union. This being so, the party would be recrant to every sense of duty, if in this, the direst hour of the nation's necessity, it was not willing to strike hands and make plighted faith over the common labor of a common country with any man or set of men who were willing to preserve it. That had been the mission of the Democratic party, and the principle upon which it was founded, and on that principle, by the grace of God and the virtue of the people, it would continue to exist.

The speaker said, further, that the position he occupied, by the voice of the Democracy of the State, was one so full of responsibility and care that, did he not know that throughout the length and breadth of this Commonwealth there was not the heart of a single Democrat which did not beat in unison with his own, and who would not in the hour of trial and danger, stand by him to the bitter end, he would shrink from the place. But he had been made the candidate by the unbought, unsolicited and free, and almost unanimous choice of the Democracy of the State. He had no political history that was not recorded; his history as a politician was the history of the State for the last six years, and he would not today alter a line or blot out a particle of it. (Loud cheers.) He might have been mistaken, but if so it was an honest mistake, and he challenged any one who did not believe in his course to meet him before the people and discuss it. (Cheers.) It was true he had never bent the knee to power, and that in the Senate of Pennsylvania he had never quailed before the Abolition majority (loud cheers); and for this he believed the people were supporting him to-day. He had not intended to speak at length, however, and would give way for others.

Mr. Clymer, amid great enthusiasm, retired.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR'S SPEECH.

Mr. Blair was received enthusiastically. He felt happy in being in old Berks to catch the inspiration of her Democracy. He was proud to here renew his Democratic alliance, upon the platform of the Constitution and the Union. (Cheers.) The platform now means something, for after blood and war it was proper to ask whether mere factionists should keep the country divided for the sake of party. That is the only issue. Though often differing with the Democracy, yet he could not reproach them. They loved the Union and the Constitution and free government, and would defend them at whatever cost. (Cheers.) It was a most cheering spectacle to him to witness Democratic devotion to the Government; for the last administration, of which he was a member, had treated its opponents often harshly and unjustifiably, and yet Democrats poured out freely their blood and treasure to save the Union. He said the Radicals wanted to govern the country by force; for if they carried the elections this fall, Andrew Johnson would be impeached and turned out, and a man of their own choice made President. (Indignation.) They meant to govern thirty-six States by just as many as they thought proper to admit to representation. The result would be two Presidents and two Congresses, because the Democracy, faithful to the Constitution, will recognize the Southern members. He told this to one of the leading Radicals in Washington, when one turned to him and said: "Yes, and we will have you just where we have Jeff. Davis now," his eyes flashing angrily as he spoke it.

This spirit, said Mr. Blair, is hurrying the country into a new rebellion, in which the battle-fields will be among you. (A voice—"Let it come.") Mr. Blair said no, he did not want to see it, but counsel your Radical friends and let them see what this lust of dominion in their party is leading us to. He reviewed the doctrine of secession, claiming that, while not expressed in words, yet the sense and meaning of the Constitution were averse to it. The new fangled Constitution the Radicals were putting upon the country was a contrivance by which Southern negroes were to be equalized with the whites, or that a negro vote in South Carolina would balance a white man's vote in Pennsylvania. Negro suffrage was an absurdity, and Jefferson had left it on record in his own handwriting that he never contemplated the intermingling of the races. It was mere political clap-trap, nothing more. The Radicals were afraid that if the South was admitted they would vote with the Democracy and elect Grant President, or perhaps McClellan. (Great cheers.) There was not a thief in the United States who was not a Radical. During the course of his speech, Mr. Blair eloquently alluded to McClellan's patriotism, saying he knew that Lincoln, to the last, joined with him in that opinion. Every allusion to McClellan's name was greeted enthusiastically. The whole tenor of the speech indicated fears of serious trouble, owing to the Radical hatred of the South.

SPEECH OF HON. GEO. H. PENDLETON.

After Mr. Blair's speech, Hon. George H. Pendleton was introduced, and received an ovation. The enthusiasm was remarkable. For nearly ten minutes cheer upon cheer greeted the distinguished Ohioan;

Mr. Pendleton commenced by eulogizing the Democratic party, denying that it was dead and contending that so long as the government shall exist in this country it will maintain its vigor. It was a party of the people against the power of confederation, against consolidation. He then reviewed the early history of the government, showing that the party of confederation stood then as the Democratic party stood to-day. He insisted that the Southern States were in the Union, and that the grand question was whether they should be represented in Congress. In this matter the Democracy and the President entirely agree. He then considered the question, why should not these States be represented? arguing it at some length. He asserted that the Radical leaders had from the start been opposed to the Union. Thaddeus Stevens has said in his hurry, that with his consent the Union never should be restored. They hated our form of government, and knew the most effective stab they could give it would be to attempt to govern one-half of the country. He then took up the question of the constitutional amendment, believing that, if the Southern States were entitled to representation, it was superfluous, as its adoption was exacted as a condition of representation, and if they were not so entitled, its adoption could not confer that right.

Mr. Pendleton's speech will rank with the fairest productions of his brilliant mind.

Resolutions Adopted by the Reading Mass Convention.

Resolved, By the Democracy of Eastern and Central Pennsylvania, in Mass Convention assembled: That the contest upon which we are now entering is simply, whether the Federal Union under the Constitution as adopted and construed by its illustrious authors, with the reserved rights of the States unimpaired, shall continue to be our form of government, or whether we shall have forced upon us by Congressional usurpation and revolutionary action a central consolidated government, bound by no constitutional restraints, in which the liberties of the people would be at the mercy of a bare majority of Congress, controlled by a self-constituted and irresponsible central directory.

Resolved, That the Democratic party are now, as ever, the only true Union party of the land; that we point with pride to the unselfish and untiring efforts made by all Democrats and Conservatives in and out of Congress to preserve the Union before the war commenced by conciliation and compromise, the only means by which it was formed and without which it will never be more than a name; that the refusal of the Republican party to yield their partizan prejudices for the sake of Peace and Union, was the immediate cause of the war, and posterity will hold them responsible.

Resolved, That we will hold all the departments of the government of the United States to its official and solemn declaration, that the war was not prosecuted for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, but to maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; that the war having ended by the surrender of the rebel armies the people of the South are subject only to such penalties as the Constitution of our common country and the laws passed in pursuance of it may prescribe, and are entitled to all the rights which that Constitution ensures to all the people of all the States.

Resolved, That the Federal Union is composed of thirty-six States; that under the Constitution each State is entitled to an equal representation in the Senate and to its proper representation to the lower House; that the Constitution is the supreme law of the land; that the President is sworn to enforce the laws, and that we call upon him, in the name of an outraged and violated Constitution and an imperilled Union, to make the Congress what the Constitution requires it to be—the representative body of the whole people.

Resolved, That we denounce the proceedings of the Radical majority in the so-called Congress as lawless and revolutionary, and intended by its leaders to utterly subvert and destroy our wise and beneficent system of government, and to establish in its place a consolidated despotism, controlled by the worst spirit of New England fanaticism.

Resolved, That we tender to President Johnson our hearty thanks for his bold and steadfast determination to restore the Union of our fathers, "in its original purity," and we adjure him by the memory of the immortal Jackson, to convince the Radical disunionists by *word and deed*, that the "Federal Union must and shall be preserved."

Resolved, That we are opposed to negro suffrage, believing that the white men of America are able to govern themselves, without the aid of an inferior race, and that we disapprove of the amendment to the Constitution, lately proposed by the so-called Congress, it being nothing but the offer of a reward to the States for granting negro suffrage, and the threat of a punishment in case of refusal.

Resolved, That the soldiers who fought for the Union and the Constitution deserve well of the country, and that the repeated declaration by the Radicals that the rebellion could not have been subdued without the aid of black troops is a gross and wanton insult to the brave and gallant white soldiers of America, which they well know how to resent at the polls.

Resolved, That the sympathies of the Democracy are now, as they have ever been, with our brave brothers of the Emerald Isle in their gallant efforts to free their native land from the foul tyranny of England; and that we owe nothing to the English government which should prevent us from repealing or modifying the neutrality laws so as to give the Irish fair play, which is all they ask.

Resolved, That we endorse and reaffirm the platform of principles adopted by the Democratic State Convention, at Harrisburg, on the 5th of March last; and we present with pride to the Democratic and Conservative citizens of Pennsylvania, our worthy candidate for Governor, Hon. Hiester Clymer. He answers, in an eminent degree, the requirements of Jefferson; he is honest; he is capable and he is faithful. The most malignant of his political enemies can find no spot on his fair fame; and to the slanders and misrepresentations of Radical disunionists, we answer that he is now, as he has always been and under all circumstances, in favor of the Union of our fathers—a union of white men.

Resolved, That the Tariff men of Pennsylvania may see by the votes of Senators Sumner and Wilson of Massachusetts, and Foster of Connecticut, that the professions of friendship for Pennsylvania by the Radicals of New England, are as sincere as their professions of regard for the Union of the States.

Resolved, That we approve of the call for a National Union Convention of all the States, to meet in Philadelphia on the 14th of August next, to sustain the President in his patriotic policy of restoration, and we recommend the State Central Committee to take such action as will best advance the purpose of the call.

☞ A woman in Logan county, Ohio, not long since, obtained a divorce from her husband and was married to another man, all on the same day.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association, will hold its annual meeting at Gettysburg, Adams county, commencing on Tuesday, the 31st of July, and continuing three days.

PROGRAMME.

TUESDAY MORNING.—*Commencing at 10 o'clock.* Organization. Address of Welcome, by Aaron Sheely, County Superintendent of Adams county. Response by the Association. Miscellaneous Business.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—*Commencing at 2 o'clock.*

1. Inaugural Address by the President, S. P. Bates.

2. *Report:* Methods of Teaching the English Language, by Prof. J. D. Streit, Normal School, 5th District.

3. Discussion of the Report and Miscellaneous.

EVENING SESSION.—*Commencing at 7½ o'clock.*

1. The Victory at Gettysburg, the Work of the Teacher, by Geo. R. McFarland, Principal Orphans' School, at McAllisterville.

2. *Report:* The Relation and Duties of the Christian Ministry to the Cause of Popular Education, by Rev. Dr. Brown, Theological Seminary, Gettysburg.

3. Discussion of the Report.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.—*Commencing at 9 o'clock.*

1. *Discussion:* Should Colleges admit Pupils of both Sexes?

2. *Report:* Relations of the Several Institutions of Learning as Educational Forces. By George Loomis, D. D., President Allegheny College.

3. Discussion of the Report. Miscellaneous Business.

AFTERNOON SESSION. *Commencing at 2 o'clock.*

1. *Discussion:* The Normal School System of Pennsylvania.

2. *Report:* Methods of Teaching Natural Philosophy. By Prof. S. R. Thompson, Normal School, 12th District.

3. Discussion of the Report. Miscellaneous Business.

EVENING SESSION.—*Commencing at 7½ o'clock.*

1. *Address:* By Rev. T. H. Robinson, Harrisburg, Pa.

2. *Poem:* By Prof. J. Willis Westlake, Washington, D. C.

THURSDAY MORNING.—*Commencing at 9 o'clock.*

1. *Discussion:* Past, Present and Future of the County Superintendency.

2. *Report:* Methods of Instruction to Develop the Æsthetic Nature. By Prof. James Waters, Lewisburg, Pa.

3. *Discussion:* What is meant by the "Theory of Teaching?"

AFTERNOON SESSION.—*Commencing at 2 o'clock.*

1. Report of Finance Committee.

2. Election of Officers.

3. *Discussion:* Compulsory Attendance at the Common Schools, or The Adaptation of American Colleges to American Youth.

EVENING SESSION.—*Commencing at 7½ o'clock.*

Social Meeting: Addresses and Speeches. Resolutions.

Reports should not exceed one-half hour in length. A careful consideration of the topics presented will render the discussions interesting and profitable.

The historic associations of Gettysburg, combined with its beauty of location and the eminence of its literary institutions, give assurance of an unusually large attendance. To secure a punctual attendance at the meetings of the association, it is suggested that excursions to the battle field be made before the morning sessions, or between the afternoon and evening sessions.

Arrangements have been made to procure accommodations for members at hotels and private families at reduced rates. Arrangements have also been made to secure a reduction of fare on all of the principal railroads of the State. Members will either get excursion tickets over all the leading railroads to Gettysburg, or be returned free, on presentation of certificates of membership from the association. EDWARD BROOKS,

Chairman Executive Committee.

N. B.—The members of the Executive Committee are requested to meet for consultation at 8 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday, July 31st, at Gettysburg.

VOTE FOR GEARY.

If you want to be taxed to support the negroes of the South in idleness—vote for Geary.

If you want to pay for a swarm of useless office-holders to keep up an antagonism between the Southern negroes and their employers—vote for Geary.

If you think the families of the "freedmen" should be supported from the money you are taxed to supply the Treasury with, while the orphans and widows and families of the white soldiers are left to provide for themselves—vote for Geary.

If you endorse Wade's assertion that negro soldiers are entitled to the chief praise for the suppression of the rebellion—vote for Geary.

If you want negroes to vote—vote for Geary.

If you want eleven stars stricken from the flag of the Republic—vote for Geary.

If you don't pay taxes enough, and really *ache* to contribute a few hundred millions a year to feed, clothe and educate the negro "gentlemen" who ought to

The Compiler,

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, July 30, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

THE CONVENTION.

The Democratic County Convention will be held in this place to-day. Let the best ticket possible be selected, and all will be well. Our Radical opponents hope to succeed only in the event of the Democracy making mistakes.

HARLAN RESIGNS.

Secretary Harlan, of the Interior Department, resigned on Friday. Hon. O. H. Browning, of Illinois, was, the same day, nominated by the President, as Secretary of the Interior.

ADJOURNMENT.

Both Houses of Congress passed a resolution to adjourn on Saturday last—and we suppose they accordingly adjourned. Let the country rejoice!

☞Secretary Seward has just written a letter to Senator Doolittle, expressing his approval of the call for the Philadelphia Convention. It is a patriotic document, and goes far to redeem its author from the stigma which his former sectionalism had fixed upon him. Secretary Welles has also written a very strong letter in endorsement of the Philadelphia Convention.

☞The Philadelphia *Press* says "the Presidential power has increased, is increasing, and ought to be diminished." Who increased the Presidential power with such unexampled rapidity as did Abraham Lincoln? and all his unconstitutional assumptions were supported and defended by the *Press*. There was no talk of restricting the power of the President at that time. It is only when Andrew Johnson uses the plainly-granted power of his office to shield the Constitution and the country from the daggers of Radical plotters and assassins, that the *Press* clamors for a diminution of the power of the President. Had the President bowed down to such men as Sumner and Stevens, we would have heard nothing but praises from the *Press*.

☞The main business of Congress has been to prevent a restoration of the States. All legislation of a national character has been directed to that point. They have trampled upon the Constitution, insulted the President, violated all law and precedent, and taken the initiatory steps for an insurrection in the Northern States, in order to accomplish their purposes. Many of the Radical members will be candidates for re-election, and Union men should note these facts.

☞It is estimated at the Treasury Department, that the total receipts of Government, exclusive of loans, for the fiscal year ending the 30th ult., will reach upwards of $552,000,000, divided as follows: From internal revenue, $315,000,000; from direct tax, $5,000,000; from customs, $270,000,000; from miscellaneous sources, $65,000,000; from sales of public lands, $675,000—total $552,675,000.

To run this abolition Government, says the Dayton (Ohio) *Empire*, and pay the bills of this disunion Congress, for one year, the people, the tax-payers, are plundered to the tune of over *five hundred and fifty-two and a half millions of dollars*.

☞The monster meeting of Democrats at Reading on the 18th troubles the Geary organs not a little. If we could put faith in their various tales we would be compelled to believe that the meeting lacked just about fifty thousand of being composed of one hundred persons. Liars, like avaricious people, often overreach themselves.

☞The Disunionists are continually belaboring President Johnson for attempting to break up the "Union" party, just as if he and not they had abandoned the Union cause. Before claiming to be the Union party, let them declare for Union principles and a policy for a restoration of the Union. As it now is, they are following Thad. Stevens, who says the Union was dissolved; that the seceded States are territories, and that they must be kept indefinitely in a territorial condition. To call that faction of fanatics and demagogues the Union party is equivalent to saying that Satan and his imps constitute the heavenly host.

☞At the great Democratic meeting which was held at Reading, Pennsylvania, on the 18th inst., the Hon. Montgomery Blair predicted that if the radicals carried the October election the result would be the establishment of two Presidents and two Congresses. He asserted that it was the intention of the radicals to impeach President Johnson in that event and turn him out; whilst the Democratic members would unite and form a Congress with the regularly elected members from the South. He warned his hearers that they were on the eve of another civil war, the battle-field of which would be in the North, whilst the South would remain a unit.

☞Gen. Grant, whom the Radicals are trying to ruin by putting him forward as a candidate for the Presidency, recently remarked to a gentleman that "unless the Southern States were speedily admitted to representation in Congress and the right of self-government conceded to them, we should soon have another rebellion." Gen. Grant is no Radical, and if the Disunionists should elect him President, they would catch a more decided Tartar than Andrew Johnson.

☞When Andrew Johnson first became President, a little over one year ago, the disunionists declared that Providence, for some wise purpose, had called him to the Executive chair. Since, however, his course has not turned out to be in consonance with their plundering and blood-thirsty aspirations, they say Andrew Johnson is only President by accident.

☞The Democratic citizens of Ohio resident in Washington held a meeting on Monday night and organized an Ohio Democratic Club, to aid the Democracy of that State in the present political canvass. Major Robert J. Atkinson was chosen President.

WHO ARE THE DISUNIONISTS?

The Damning Record.

On the 14th day of December, 1863, in the House of Representatives at Washington, Mr. Holman, of Indiana, a Democrat, offered a series of resolutions declaring "*that the States in rebellion are not out of the Union, and should not be held as Territories and subjugated provinces; that the only condition to proper relations should be unconditional submission to the Constitution and laws of the United States, and that when this is accomplished, the war ought to cease.*"

Thaddeus Stevens (disunionist) moved to lay the resolutions on the table; which motion was carried, by a vote of *eighty-eight* disunionists—all Republicans—*to sixty-six* Unionists—*nearly all Democrats*. [See House Journal, 1st Session 38th Congress, page 49.]

The vote on this resolution establishes beyond all cavil and dispute, that the Democracy are not only the true friends of the Union, but that they endeavored to preserve inviolate, the faith of the nation as pledged by the Crittenden resolution; while the Republicans are the bitter and unrelenting foes of the Union, who recklessly violated a pledge, given with a unanimity that should have sanctified it against infringement.

White men of Pennsylvania, remember this record; read it to your neighbors; post it, in print d placards, in public places, where it can be seen and read by all men!

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS voted that the States in rebellion *were out* of the Union.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS voted that they were *not out* of the Union.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS voted that the rebellious States should be Territories or subjugated provinces.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS voted that they should have all their rights, unimpaired, by *unconditionally* submitting to the Constitution and laws of the United States.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS wanted the dismembered Union of Sumner, Stevens and Geary.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS wanted the unbroken Union of Washington, Johnson and Clymer.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS violated their oaths of office, by acknowledging secession as a "fixed fact," and changing the war for the Union into a crusade for the subjugation and annihilation of the States.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS preserved their oaths unbroken, by repudiating the heresy of secession, and demanding that the flag that "bore on its azure field a star for every State, should also have a State for every star."

These *eighty-eight Republicans* are for GEARY AND DISUNION.

These *sixty-six Democrats* are for CLYMER AND THE UNION.

THE ADMISSION OF TENNESSEE.

The Senate amendments to the preamble and resolution relating to the admission of Tennessee were this afternoon concurred in by the House. The vote on the amendment to the preamble was 92 to 25. The Democrats and one or two Republicans voted against it. An impression prevails to-day that the President will neither sign nor veto the resolution. He will simply return it to the House, with the statement that, according to the Constitution, each House is made the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members, and the Executive has no power or authority in the premises. This will *effectually* fail the Radicals, who are seeking to *entrap* him either into an approval of their doctrine or the veto of a resolution for the admission of Tennessee.—*Washington Letter of Monday.*

☞The *Age's* Washington letter of Tuesday says:—The President to-day sent to the House of Representatives a message relative to the joint resolution for the admission of Tennessee. He states that, although having signed it, in order to throw no obstacle in the way of the speedy admission of the Tennessee delegation, he considers it of no force or effect in settling the terms upon which representation is to be allowed from the States formerly in insurrection. It simply amounts to a declaration of opinions. He says further, that the Department of State has received no official information of the ratification of the proposed constitutional amendment by the Legislature of Tennessee, and adds that he is in receipt of *reliable unofficial* information that no legal ratification of said amendment by the Legislature of that State has taken place. Immediately after the reading of the message, Mr. Stevens rose and asked that the Committee on Reconstruction be discharged from the further consideration of the credentials of the Representatives elect from the State of Tennessee, and that the same be referred to the Committee of Elections, which was agreed to by a vote of 80 *to* 28. It is said to be the intention of the Radicals to keep Mr. Patterson, one of the Senators from Tennessee, and Mr. Cooper, one of the Representatives, out of their seats, notwithstanding their readiness to take the test oath. It was for this purpose that the House resolution relating to representation was amended in the Senate by striking out the words, "duly elected and qualified, upon taking the oaths required by existing laws."

Ingratitude.—The Hon. Thaddeus Stevens is out for a seat in the United States Senate, and his friends announce him as a candidate, they having received the consent of Mr. Stevens. This is cruel in Mr. S., as he knows Col. Forney had set his heart upon this position, and that it is the great ambition of his life to get into the Senate. Forney was betrayed once by Simon Cameron, and now, at this twelfth hour, to be betrayed by his bosom friend, Stevens, is really too bad, and shouldn't be encouraged. The fun of the whole matter is, the State Assembly that is to elect this Senator has yet to be elected by the people. "Many a slip twixt cup and lip."

☞Before Abolitionism, through its committee of fifteen, reports many more plans for "reconstructing" the government which it has destroyed, it might try its hands on its own party. Judging from the looks of things, it needs reconstructing about as badly as anything in the country.

☞The Harrisburg *Telegraph* asserts that Geary was the author of the Emancipation proclamation, and the Lancaster *Express* has declared that the 4th of July belongs to the paper General. Can't some Radical newspaper prove that he penned the Declaration of Independence. That might give some slight chance of an election. Without it he is one more added to the list of political D. D's.

☞Hon. A. W. Randall was on Wednesday confirmed by the Senate as Postmaster-General, and Hon. Joseph S. Wilson as Commissioner of the General Land Office.

From the Age of Monday.

PENNSYLVANIA IN THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The State Executive Committee this morning announces the appointment of a full Democratic delegation to the National Convension of the 14th of August. We regard this action as eminently wise and proper. The universal sentiment of the *Democracy* is in favor of the Convention. They feel that no means should be left untried to restore national unity.—They believe that the spirit of hate has too long reigned in our midst, and that the spirit of amity and concord should be encouraged to enter. They are favorable to any constitutional policy that will open the door to reconciliation and restoration. Before the circular of July 10 was issued, the Democracy had no standing in the Convention as an organized body, but by its terms we are recognized as such, and invited to enter within its portals. The resolution of the Reading Mass Convention expressed the desire of the party for representation there. It is but three weeks until the Convention meets. Our action is looked to by other States. No machinery was in existence through which to choose district delegates, and the creation of that machinery and the choice of the delegates could not have been had in so brief a period, and hence many of the districts would have been unrepresented. Under these circumstances it became a necessity that the State Committee should act in the premises. They have done so, and done well. The names they have given us from civil life are conspicuous for their patriotism, their integrity, and their large experience in public affairs. Porter, Bigler, the Packers, Lewis, Black, the Woodwards, Campbell, Hughes, Cass, Leiper, Patterson, Vaux, and others, as the representatives of Pennsylvania, are guaranties to her sister States that her only aim is a reunited country and a vindicated Constitution. Our soldier representatives, too, loom up as names associated with many a hard-fought field. Dana, Davis, Sirwell, Sweitzer, Jarrett, Irwin, Ent, McCalmont, Jones, and others, bring back upon us the remembrances of Gettysburg, of the Peninsula, of Petersburg, and of the Cumberland, and remind us of the valiant deeds of the Pennsylvania Reserves. Their swords are sheathed.—Having bravely fought and won, they step forward like brave and honest men to meet their foes upon the broad platform of Christian charity and a common Constitution.

The Convention in itself will be great in its moral aspect and powerful in its political results. The men of the North and of the South, and of the East and of the West, for the first time in five years meet to greet each other and to counsel together. Burying the past and accepting the results of the war they come to forecast the future and to unite in the reconstruction of our national temple. Obedience to law and constitutional obligations are the only tests to a common right; to a common heritage, and in yielding these in a spirit of truthful submission, they of the South earn at the hands of brave and honest men the just return of sincere forgiveness.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
828 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
July 21, 1865.

A call for a National Convention, to be held at Philadelphia on the 14th day of August, 1866, having been issued, an invitation was extended, under date of July 10, 1866, to the Democratic organization, *as such*, to unite in that Convention in order "to devise a plan of political action calculated to restore national unity, fraternity, and harmony."

The time being too brief to call a State Convention, to refer the subject to the districts for action, and it appearing to be the wish of the party, as expressed at Reading, and through the press, that we should be represented therein, the Democratic Executive Committee of Pennsylvania, acting under the authority of the State Central Committee, specially reserving control of the organization, have designated and invited the following gentlemen to act as delegates to that Convention:

DELEGATES AT LARGE,
Ex-Governor David R. Porter,
Ex-Governor William Bigler,
Ex-Governor William F. Packer,
Chief Justice George W. Woodward,

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATES,
1*st District*—Hon. James Campbell, George M. Wharton, Esq.
2*d District*—Colonel W. C. Patterson, Hon. Richard Vaux.
3*d District*—Hon. Daniel M. Fox, Hon. John Robbins.
4*th District*—Hon. Ellis Lewis, Hon. Charles Brown.
5*th District*—General W. W. H. Davis, John G. Brenner, Esq.
6*th District*—Hon. John D. Stiles, Col. Owen Jones.
7*th District*—Hon. George G. Leiper, Hon. John A. Morrison.
8*th District*—Hon. Warren J. Woodward, Charles Kessler, Esq.
9*th District*—Hon. Isaac E. Hiester, H. M. North, Esq.
10*th District*—Hon. F. W. Hughes, Dr. C. D. Gloninger.
11*th District*—Hon. Asa Packer, Col. W. H. Hutter.
12*th District*—General E. L. Dana, John Blanding, Esq.
13*th District*—Colonel W. H. Ent, Hon. C. L. Ward.
14*th District*—Edmund S. Doty, Esq., Hamilton Alricks, Esq.
15*th District*—Hon. J. S. Black, Hon. Sam'l. Hepburn.
16*th District*—William McLellan, Esq., Hon. Wm. P. Schell.
17*th District*—Hon. William H. Irwin, Hon. C. L. Pershing.
18*th District*—Col. Phaon Jarrett, Hon. James Gamble.
19*th District*—Hon. William A. Galbraith, Hon. James T. Leonard.
20*th District*—Gen. Alfred B. McCalmont, Hon. Gaylord Church.
21*st District*—Hon. Henry D. Foster, W. W. Wier, Esq.
22*d District*—General J. B. Sweitzer, George P. Hamilton, Esq.
23*d District*—Hon. George W. Cass, Colonel William Sirwell.
24*th District*—Hon. Jesse Lazear, Hon. William Hopkins.

By order of the Democratic State Executive Committee,
WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Ch'n,
JACOB ZIEGLER, Secretary.

Characteristic and Patriotic Letter from Gen. John A. Dix.—NEW YORK, July 13, 1866.—*My Dear Sir:* I have received the call issued by yourself and others for a National Union Convention in Philadelphia on the 14th of August. I concur in its propositions, its reasonings, and its objects, and will do all in my power to carry them out.

I long since expressed the opinion that the States were entitled to their representation in Congress; that their exclusion was a violation of good faith and of the obligations of the Constitution; and that a persistence in such a policy must lead to consequences most disastrous to the peace of the country.

These and other considerations connected with the present unsatisfactory relations of the States to the Federal Government, and to each other, render most timely and proper such a meeting as you have recommended of the patriotic and reflecting men of the Union, to consult together for the general welfare.

I am truly yours,
JOHN A. DIX.

Hon. James R. Doolittle.

SAVANNAH, July 23.—Ten deaths from cholera are reported since yesterday morning, and one to-day, all among the troops.

SAVANNAH, July 24.—There were 20 deaths from cholera and 34 new cases among the troops on Tybee Island from 9 o'clock yesterday morning up to 6 P. M. to-day.

☞It is feared that the "copperheads" will eat up the "Thad-poles" in October.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

☞The COMPILER will be furnished for the campaign—from this time until after the October election—at the low price of *Fifty Cents!* Send in the names and the money—singly or by clubs. There is an interesting campaign ahead, and no Democrat or Conservative should fail to be posted when the information can be secured for the small sum of half a dollar.

THANKS.—John Bushman, Esq., the burning of whose house we noticed last week, desires us to say that he feels truly thankful to the public for the sympathy expressed in his behalf, and which has shown itself in the shape of very liberal contributions toward his loss.

MORE PIC NICS.—The Sunday School connected with St. James (Lutheran) Church held their Annual Pic Nic at Spangler's Spring on Tuesday. There was a good turn out and everything passed off pleasantly.

The Sunday School connected with the College Church (Lutheran) also held a Pic Nic at the same place on Wednesday. They too had a delightful time.

☞Rev. John Barrister, highly respected by the Catholic Church, died in Boston on the 18th inst., aged 43 years. He was present and took an active part in the exercises at Conowago Chapel a few months ago.

☞At the late Commencement of Hamilton College, Utica, N. Y., the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred upon Prof. M. L. Stoever, of Pennsylvania College.

☞Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., will address the Philomathean Society of Pennsylvania College, at the next Commencement, instead of Rev. Dr. Krauth, of Philadelphia, as announced in our paper a few weeks ago.

Communicated.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.—At a meeting of the Board of Managers of Ever Green Cemetery Association, held July 16, 1866, a committee was appointed to ascertain the actual indebtedness of the Association, who made the following report, which was ordered to be published in the town papers:

Notes held by different persons,	$1610 00
Interest on the same up to June 25,	99 22
	$1709 22
Certificates of stock redeemed by the Association's notes,	$1082 36
Certificates of stock unredeemed,	166 04
	$1248 40

Total amount of debt, $2957 62.

In 1853, the project of locating a Public Cemetery in the vicinity of Gettysburg was first brought to the notice of the public. The scheme was approved and sufficient evidence was evinced that the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity deeply felt the want of a rural and ornate Cemetery, "where family affections could be gratified in the assurance, that the remains of father and child, husband and wife, could repose side by side, undisturbed by the changing interests of man."

This sacred spot, the repository of our dead, consecrated by the tears of the bereaved, is still involved in a debt which former active and efficient Managers vainly labored to extinguish. The present sources of income arising from the sale of lots and digging of graves is insufficient to pay the necessary expenses and reduce the debt. And whereas a strong desire prevails in the community to have the remaining debt paid off, therefore the present Board resolved to solicit subscriptions for the purpose of liquidating said debt.

J. L. SCHICK,
W. B. MEALS,
A. COBEAN,
July 30, 1866. Committee.

PRESENTATION.—*Mr. Editor:*—The announcement made a week or two since, that the Rev. Mr. Davis had been presented with a Buggy, Harness, &c., was premature. The presentation, however, came off on Saturday, the 21st inst., when the Committee had the pleasure, on behalf of the different congregations composing his charge, to present him with a splendid new Buggy and set of Harness, which was much needed and gratefully received. Mr. Davis has been the pastor to this charge for three years, and has won the respect and esteem of his people, both for his ministerial ability and gentlemanly conduct, and they consider this as but a small token of their good wishes and regard.

The Buggy was built by Messrs. Sell, Blocher, & Co., of Littlestown, and is of first-class materials and finished in excellent style.

On behalf of the Committee.
W. J. MCCLURE, M. D.

☞The soldier friends of Johnson and Clymer in this State intend to make their approaching Convention at Harrisburg a marked success. Every county in the State will send delegations of soldiers who have served in the late war, and are now prepared to oppose the party which is preventing their patriotic sacrifices and sufferings from bearing their legitimate fruits. The Radical presses are stigmatizing the Democratic soldiers as "copperheads" and sympathizers with "traitors." This is the way they show their respect for the soldiers. Party is before country with the Radicals. If a soldier votes their ticket, he is a patriot; if not, he is a "copperhead." But the soldiers are determined that the Union shall be restored, and hence their support of Johnson and Clymer. They will not support a party which is plotting treason in all the Northern States.—*Age.*

Tornado.—The magnificent new railroad bridge at Havre-de-Grace, Md., within ninety days of completion, was hurled from its piers into the river by a terrific tornado, on Thursday last. Loss $200,000. Several workmen were carried into the stream, but were rescued.

☞In all the West, from the lakes to the Pacific, wherever elections have been held this year, Democratic victories and enormous Democratic gains have been the result. The complete overthrow of radicalism in its Western hotbed, St. Louis, marks the political barometer of the West.

☞The President has signed the bill making the grade of General in the Army, and nominated General Grant for the position.

☞Vice Admiral Farragut has been appointed Admiral by the President.

The Three Months Extra Pay.—Congress lately passed an act giving three months extra pay to *all officers* in service at the close of the rebellion. Why were the privates left off the list?

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.

The Annual Commencement of this institution will take place on the second Thursday of August. The Baccalaureate Discourse will be delivered on Sunday preceding, by Rev. Dr. Baugher, President. The exercises of the Junior class occur on Wednesday morning. On the afternoon of the same day there will be an address before the Literary Societies. Rev. Dr. T. L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will deliver the annual address before the Philomathæan Society. The annual meeting of the Alumni will be held on Wednesday evening and an address delivered by one of its members. The duty this year devolves upon Rev. Victor L. Conrad, of New York City.

In glancing at the Catalogue for 1865-66, we find that the whole number of students is 156—Seniors 9, Juniors 18, Sophomores 48, Freshmen 25 and Preparatorians 86. Out of the 86 students in the Preparatory Department 21 are from Gettysburg; Penna. west of the Susquehanna river 20, Penna. east of the Susquehanna 11, Maryland 17, District of Columbia 6, Virginia 5, Kansas 2, Ohio, Illinois, Tennessee and N. Carolina each 1.

THE PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

The Preparatory Department of the Institution, located at Gettysburg, Pa., has been re-organized by the appointment of a Principal, who devotes his exclusive attention to this department. The course of study has been revised, and embraces all the branches of a thorough English Education, together with the elements of Mathematics—of the Latin and Greek Languages—and of the sciences. New series of Text Books in most branches have been introduced. The aim is to make the instruction thorough and practical, and adapted to the wants of those receiving it. Students who wish to take a full collegiate course, will receive a thorough classical training—those who are preparing for business, in addition to other instruction, will have the privilege of instruction in Practical Accounts, Business Forms, Book-keeping, &c.—Those who propose to enter upon mechanical pursuits will have the opportunity of acquiring the elements of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, &c., whilst those who are preparing themselves for the profession of Teaching, will have every facility for perfecting themselves in those branches deemed important in their calling. There are four grades in the Department, and students on entering the Institution will be admitted to that grade for which they are qualified by previous study.

Students, sufficiently advanced in this Department, are permitted to attend recitations with the College classes, in any of the branches which they may desire, for which no additional charge is made.

It is contemplated, at an early day, to erect a new building for the exclusive use of the Preparatory Department. Until this building is erected, the older students of this Department are provided with rooms in the College Building. The Principal, who resides near the College, will receive into his family a limited number of the younger pupils, for whom temporary provision has been made by the Board of Trustees, in the erection of an addition to his residence.

The necessary expenses of those residing in the College will vary from $65 to $85 per session, according to circumstances, or

Boarding in clubs may be procured at $2 50, in private families at from $3 50 to $4 00, Tuition per session, $12 00, Room rent, &c., $3 00, Washing, $4 00, Fuel and light, from $4 00 to $6 00.

Students residing with the Principal will be charged at the rate of sixty-five dollars per Session for boarding, washing, light, fuel, furniture, rooms and attention; the one-half to be paid in advance, the balance at the middle of the session. A deduction of five dollars will be made for the Summer Session. Each student is expected to bring with him towels, sheets, pillow cases and a quilt or its equivalent. The Terms and Vacations are as follows:

First term begins September 20th, 1866.
Second " " Jan. 10th, 1867.
Third " " May 9th "

and each continues 13 weeks—followed by vacations of three, four and six weeks respectively.

For further particulars, address,
Rev. C. J. EHREHART,
Principal.

NAMES OF STUDENTS IN ATTENDANCE UPON THE PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT DURING THE YEAR 1865-66.

George N. Acker, Washington, D. C.
Leonidas T. Acworth, Quantico, Md.
Henry W. Baldwin, Neoga, Ill.
James R. P. Bates, Smithfield Station, O.
W. Hamilton Bayly, Gettysburg, Pa.
R. H. Beck, Hecktown, North'd. Co., Pa.
T. Biddle, Spang's Mills, Blair co., Pa.
John A. Bouse, Gettysburg, Pa.
Frederick W. Butler, Reading, Pa.
Conrad Clever, Shippensburg, Pa.
Edward J. Cox, Gettysburg, Pa.
Robert S. Crawford, Gettysburg, Pa.
Martin Diehl, Walkersville, Frederick co., Md.
Adam Diehl, " "
co., Md.
H. W. Douty, Unionville, Fred. co., Md.
John H. Ehrehart, Gettysburg, Pa.
Thomas E. Ehrehart, "
M. J. A. Emery, Palmyra, Leb. co., Pa.
Simon P. Felton, Cherry Grove, Bedford co., Pa.
Samuel G. Finckel, Washington, D. C.
William H. Finckel, "
Victor L. C. Forrer, Pine Grove, Schuylkill co., Pa.
David Z. Foulk, Gettysburg, Pa.
Henry P. Frazey, Cherry Grove, Bedford county, Pa.
J. T. B. Gephart, Grasshopper Falls, Kan.
Marshall Gephart, " "
Wilberforce Gettys, Athens, Tenn.
Daniel Gilbert, Jr. Gettysburg, Pa.
John T. Gladhill, Frederick, Md.
Charles E. Hay, Gettysburg, Pa.
Edward G. Hay, "
Alfred Heindel, York, Pa.
Henry S. Herman, Hagerstown, Md.
Benjamin S. Hickman, Lovettsville, Va.
George S. Hickman, "
John L. Hill, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. Holtz, New Chester, Adams co., Pa.
Gilbert Hoover, Gettysburg, Pa.
George E. Jacobs, "
John L. Kendlehart, "
James L. Ribler, Front Royal, Va.
Ezekiah Kieffer, Harney, Carroll co., Md.
John A. Koser, Harrisburg, Pa.
George R. Lathrop, Washington, D. C.
E. Manges, Buckstown, Somst. co., Pa.
Edwin T. Maul, York, Pa.
Colin C. McClean, Gettysburg, Pa.
Franklin W. Mehaffey, Marietta, Pa.
George W. Minke, Cumberland, Md.
Michael R. Minnich, Bedford, Pa.
Wm. Luther Minnigh, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles A. R. Moore, Mount Jackson, Va.
Benjamin E. Moore, Quantico, Md.
Walter H. O'Neal, Gettysburg, Pa.
Samuel Palmer, Upton, Franklin co., Pa.
Lewis Peiffer, Chambersburg, Pa.
A. M. Pfahler, Lewisberry, York co., Pa.
Walter S. Pratt, Washington, D. C.
John M. Radebaugh, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. H. Reynolds, Bakersville, Washington co., Md.
Gustavus A. Richardson, Lovettsville, Va.
John M. Reimensnyder, Sunbury, Pa.
Jacob F. Rife, Middletown, Pa.
Amos A. Roth, West Fairview, Cumberland co., Pa.
John W. Rumple, Concord, North Car.
C. E. Sadtler, Lutherville, Balt. co., Md.
W. F. Shull, New Chester, Adams co., Pa.
Henry A. Smeltz, Frostburg, Md.
Manassas J. Smeltzer, Middletown, Md.
M. B. Snyder, Quakertown, Bucks co., Pa.
Thos. J. Stumbaugh, Chambersburg, Pa.
Edward H. Stolle, Washington, D. C.
J. E. Stonebraker, Hagerstown, Md.
Henry B. Strohdach, Reading, Pa.
James A. Swope, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles Mc. Troxell, Emmitsburg, Md.
Jefferson Z. Taylor, Quantico, Md.
John Mc. Unger, Mercersburg, Pa.
William L. G. Unger, "
J. M. Weaver, Hunterstown, Adams co., Pa.
James B. Weaver, " "
Henry N. Wolfert, Altoona, Pa.
Jesse F. Young, Cumberland, Md.
Samuel A. Ziegenfuss, Bunker Hill, Bucks county, Pa.
Jacob S. Ziegler, Gettysburg, Pa.
Hugh Mc. Ziegler, " "

Special Notice Column.

The Greatest Discovery of the Age.

FARMERS, FAMILIES, AND OTHERS can purchase no remedy equal to Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment for dysentery, colic, croup, chronic rheumatism, sore throats, toothache, sea sickness cuts, burns, swellings, bruises, old sores, headache, mosquito bites, pains in the limbs, chest, back, &c. If it does not give relief the money will be refunded. All that is asked is a trial, and use it according to the directions.

DR. TOBIAS.—Dear Sir: I have used your Venetian Liniment in my family for a number of years, and believe it to be the best article for what it is recommended that I have ever used. For sudden attack of croup it is invaluable. I have no hesitation in recommending it for all the uses it professes to cure. I have sold it for many years, and it gives entire satisfaction.

CHAS. H. TRIMNER.

Quakertown, N. J., May 8, 1866.

Price, 40 and 80 cents. Sold by all druggists Office 56 Courtland street, New York.

July 9, 1866. 1m

Purify the Blood.

If the blood be pure the body which is formed from and by the blood cannot be diseased. But if there be in any part of the body an affection, such as a boil or ulcer, even a bruise, the blood circulating through that part takes up impure matter from the local affection and carries it into the general system. This is the cause often of sudden death to persons of full habit afflicted with boils and ulcers, and who use no medicine; the matter gets into the circulating system and chokes up the fine blood vessels which supply the brain with vitality, and life ceases as if

BEREFT BY LIGHTNING,

Now, this can be remedied.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

take all impure matters from the circulation, and save the general health, soon curing local affections also. BRANDRETH'S PILLS protect from tedious times of sickness and often save life. Sold by all Druggists. [July 9, 1866. 1m

Transformation!

The superstitions of antiquity are only "food for laughter" at the present day, and yet this is an age of MIRACLES, accomplished with the aid of science. For example: grey, sandy or red hair is CHANGED IN A MOMENT, to the richest conceivable black or brown, by a simple application of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [June 25, '66. 1m

It Is Too Cheap.

There can be nothing so certain to cure a severe cold, whether it be settled in the head or breast, the lungs or bowels, as Radway's Ready Relief—only it is too cheap for some people. It gives ease in a few minutes. It disposes of the pain directly. It produces perspiration; and acting energetically upon the stomach, the bladder, the skin, &c., rapidly throws off all the morbid matter produced by the derangement of the system, leaving the recuperative powers of nature to assert their authority and restore the sufferer to perfect health. But then the remedy is so cheap. When you find that you have "caught a cold," as it is called, do not put off the use of medicine until the simple "cold" has degenerated into a more serious disorder.—Attack the enemy at once before he has had time to select his ground, intrench himself and erect fortifications. When you have a pain in the back and a dull head-ache; when your bones all feel as if they had been beaten and your skin as if much bruised; when a lassitude overcomes you, as if you did not wish to move; when your appetite fails away, you constantly sneeze or cough, and you feel utterly unable to persuade yourself to go to work; when in short you have a "bad cold," lay out 50 cents for a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief, and in a day or night you may become well. If you are ashamed of being cured so cheaply send for a doctor. He cannot, if he be a skillful practitioner, charge you less than five dollars, besides the price of his prescriptions. In a week or so he may restore you to health. If you should happen, on the contrary, to take one or two spoonfuls of Radway's Ready Relief in half a tumbler of sweetened water going to bed, you would probably rise up a well man in the morning. You would perspire the cold entirely out of you. At any rate two or three similar doses next day would certainly accomplish the purpose. Radway's Ready Relief is the best thing in the world to cure a cold. It never fails. It has, we all know, but one fault as a remedy—it is too cheap. Sold by Druggists.

July 23, 1866. 2w

Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

Fever and Ague is not the only consequence of miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, in malarious districts, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "CURE" expels the poison from the blood, and thus cures them all alike. It is not only the most effectual remedy ever discovered for this class of complaints, but it is the cheapest and moreover is perfectly safe. No harm can arise from its use, and the patient when cured is left as healthy as if he had never had the disease. Can this be said of any other cure for Chills and Fever? It is true of this, and its importance to those afflicted with the complaint cannot be over estimated. So sure is it to cure the Fever and Ague, that it may be truthfully said to be a certain remedy. One Dollar complains that it is not great in efficacy to sell, because one bottle cures a whole neighborhood.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

July 9, 1866. 2m

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord on Lariboisière of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garnaud ere & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPARIE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LEUCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1863."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIERE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorised Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Nov 6, 1865. 1y

Terrible Disclosures.

SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!—A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored Engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 25 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 9 Division St., New York. [Sept. 25, 1y

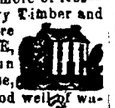
Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh,

VALUABLE FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 18th day of AUGUST next, the subscribers, Agents for the heirs of Jacob Wolf, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, one mile west of New Chester, and half a mile from Myers' Mill, adjoining lands of Henry Myers, Thomas Ehrehart, and others, containing 156 ACRES, more or less—with a good proportion of heavy Timber and Meadow. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, Smoke House, and other out-buildings. A good well of water at the door, and a good Spring near the house.



Persons wishing to view the property will call on Henry Osborn, residing near Gulden's Station.

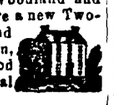
☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY OSBORN,
JOHN WOLF,
July 30, 1866. ts* Agents.

PUBLIC SALE

ON A FARM.—On SATURDAY, the 1st day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscribers, Executors of Joseph Blocher, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining Two Taverns, and lands of John Worley, Peter Bercaw, Jacob Baker, and others, containing 110 ACRES, more or less—with due proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a new Two-story FRAME HOUSE, a one and a half story Log House, Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Hog House, a good young Orchard, with several springs of water.



Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the first-named Executor, residing within a mile and a half thereof.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN BLOCHER,
ELI BLOCHER,
July 30, 1866. ts* Executors.

☞The undersigned offers his FARM, in Mountjoy township, at private sale; 77½ acres, with good House, Barn, first-rate Well, &c.
July 30, 1866. JOHN BLOCHER.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Gettysburg, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of AUGUST next, the following Personal Property, viz:

One Horse, 2 Mules, 1 large sized Jack, 1 six-horse broad-tread Wagon, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 2 Lime Beds, 2 Feed Troughs, 15 setts Horse Gears, Breechbands and Front Gears, Housings, Collars and Bridles, five-horse Line, 2 Wagon Saddles, 2 Fifth Chains, 1 Log Chain, 3 Spreaders, lot of Single and Double Trees. Also, old Lumber, Windows, Shutters, Doors, Boards, &c., &c.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL HERBST.
July 30, 1866. ts

To Church Builders.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the Building Committee of the Methodist E. Church, of Petersburg, (Y. S.) until THURSDAY, AUGUST 9th next, for building a Brick Church, in Petersburg, (Y. S.) Pa. The Church is to be 35 feet by 55 feet, with basement. Plans and specifications can be seen on or before the day of letting by application to the Rev. J. A. Ross, pastor in charge, or to either of the Committee.

ISAAC SADLER,
A. BUDILL,
JACOB F. GARDNER,
J. W. FEIGHT,
F. N. W. BOWERS,
July 30, 1866. Committee.

Notice.

THE Corner Stone of the New Methodist E. Church of Bendersville, York Springs Circuit, now in charge of the Rev. Joseph A. Ross, will be laid on SUNDAY, the 12th of AUGUST next.

WM. A. ELDEN,
Secretary of Building Committee.
July 30, 1866. 3t

Found.

WERE found on the 8th inst., a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The owner can get them at the residence of the undersigned, in Middle street, Gettysburg, by proving property and paying for advertising.
July 30, 1866. td F. T. WASSOM.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZIEGLER and ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Esqs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of April, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST instant—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, July 30, '66.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.
Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!

COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 866. 1sly

CLOCKS

Now on hand CLOCKS in great variety, from factories of the highest reputation in the country, and warranted good time-keepers. Call on

J. BEVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

A NEW stock of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, selected with especial care and warranted good time keepers, just received and for sale at

J. BEVAN'S,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

Sheriff's Sales,

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 11th day of AUGUST next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Straban township, Adams county, adjoining lands of George Boyer, Nicholas Schriver and Henry Witmer, containing 10 Acres, more or less, improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, a Two-story Back-building attached, a Double Log Barn, with Sheds attached, Wash House, Hog Stable, Corn Crib, a new Frame Weatherboarded Blacksmith Shop, a well of water near the door of the dwelling, and a young Apple Orchard on the tract.

Also, A TIMBER LOT, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Paul Sowers, Philip Donohue and Graff's heirs, containing 8 Acres, more or less.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of SINGLETON CHRONISTER.

Also, A HALF LOT OF GROUND, situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, adjoining lot of Mrs. Skelly on the west, lot of Peter Beitler on the east, an alley on the north, and fronting on Chambersburg street—improved with a one and a half story DWELLING HOUSE, part brick and part weatherboarded, a Frame Stable, Hog Stable, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of WM. TATE.

Also, at the same time and place; on a writ of Fieri Facias, will be exposed to public sale—

TWO TOWN LOTS, situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, adjoining lot of Michael Arter, on the north, an alley on the west, and an alley on the south, and fronting on Washington street on the east. Improved with a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE, Wood House, Hog Stable, well of water near the door, and some fruit trees on the premises. Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of WILLIAM JACKSON.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, July 23, '66.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

Jury List for August Court.

GRAND JURY.

Mountpleasant—John L. Jenkins, (Foreman,) Jacob Sanders, George Howard.
Straban—Henry Bucher, Peter Mackley.
Hamiltonban—Reuben Stem, Rudolph Rusk.
Union—Enoch Lefever.
Tyrone—John Eicholtz.
Franklin—Jacob Eicholtz, Henry Miltenberger.
Berwick tp.—Samuel Brown.
Littlestown—Samuel Weikert.
Butler—David S. Toot.
Gettysburg—F. B. Picking.
Reading—Robert M. Dicks, Conrad Spangler.
Freedom—David Rhodes.
Latimore—Michael Ebersole.
Menallen—Henry D. Orner.
Berwick bor.—Theodore Pflieger.
Cumberland—George Spangler of A.
Liberty—David Ecker.
Mountjoy—Elijah Eckenrode.

GENERAL JURY.

Huntington—George Wierman of H., Alfred Miller, Abraham Meals, Jacob Sheaffer, Isaac Howe, Joseph Smith.
Cumberland—Jacob Maring, George Maring of J., Abraham Plank, Henry S. Toot.
Menallen—Joshua Taylor, Elisha Penrose.
Hamilton—George Laugh, Silas Miller.
Germany—Jacob Klunk, Ephraim Menchy.
Franklin—Elias Spangler, John Deardorff, Michael Schlosser, Francis Will.
Latimore—George B. Brant, George L. Deardorff, Benjamin Lirelsberger.
Hamiltonban—Daniel Biesecker, Joseph Getbach, James H. Marshall.
Mountpleasant—Andrew Howard, Joseph E. Hemler, Henry Weikert, Jr.
Reading—Wm. H. Dicks, Andrew S. Myers, Samuel Overholtzer.
Berwick tp.—Jacob Sourbeer, Martin Bechtel
Butler—George L. Kime, John Schlosser, John Hines.
Oxford—Daniel Heltzel, Peter Feiser, George Smith, John Henry Myers.
Union—Abraham Hostetter, John Kindig.
Highland—Jeptha Dubs, Lehman Pfoutz.
Littlestown—Joseph Barker, Henry Rahter.
Mountjoy—John Blocher, William Cownover.
Straban—Joseph Holtz, Henry Tate.
Conowago—Samuel Schwartz, John Weaver, Michael Reily.
Tyrone—John Delap, Hezekiah Snyder.
Gettysburg—Alexander Spangler, S. G. Cook.
Liberty—Jacob Krise.
Freedom—John E. Plank.
July 23, 1866. tc

Estray Bull.

STRAYED from the subscriber, near Middletown, Butler township, Bigler P. O., this county, on the 20th of June last, a large Dark Brown BULL, weighing between 11 and 12 hundred, with a large head, heavy shoulders and light hind quarters. White belly, and a few light spots about his flank. A liberal reward will be paid for his return or information leading to his recovery.

JACOB B. TROSTLE.
July 23, 1866. 3t

Wanted.

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.
June 18, 1866. tf

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISSLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.
May 28, 1866.

MORO PHILLIPS'

Genuine Improved

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots,
27 *North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*
95 *South Street, Baltimore, Md.*
And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The Material of which
MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE
is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Five years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞Price $56 per ton—2000 pounds. Discount to dealers.
Feb. 12, 1866. tf

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.
Mar. 12, 1865. 3m

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [April 30, 1866. 4m

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Highly Valuable LIMESTONE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 8th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscriber, Executor of George Lawrence, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following highly valuable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A LIMESTONE FARM,

situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the road leading from McSherrystown to Hunterstown, about 2 miles from the former place, and within 1 mile of Conowago Chapel, containing 70 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Conrad Bender, Samuel Geiselman, John Lilly and others—improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, Hog Pen, and other out-buildings; a first-rate well of water at the door, and an Orchard of good fruit. The land is in high cultivation and under good fencing. This is a very choice property.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

LEVI LAWRENCE,
July 23, 1866. ts Executor.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 4th day of AUGUST next, the Heirs of Catharine Beitleman, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following property, viz:

A HOUSE AND LOT,

in Middletown, Adams county, adjoining Jacob Peters and others. The House is Two-story, Weatherboarded, with a Two-story Back-building. A Stable, a good Well of Water, and Fruit Trees, on the lot.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND,

well calculated for building, adjoining the above—with Pear Trees thereon. At the same time and place, will be sold the following Personal Property, viz:

TABLES, CHAIRS, BUREAU, CORNER CUPBOARD, Beds and Bedsteads, Cook Stove, Ten-plate Stove, Copper Kettle, Iron Pots, Queensware, Crocks, Tubs, Meat vessels, and many other articles.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ISAAC ROTH,
WILLIAM G. EICHOLTZ,
July 23, 1866. Heirs.

Sale of Real Estate.

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, my property, located in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., within one mile of Fairfield, and eight miles of Gettysburg, known as

"VIRGINIA MILLS,"

containing 500 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, well improved. There is on this land a good THREE-STORY STONE MILL, containing two run of Burrs, and a SAW MILL. Apply to the Hon. Moses McClean, Gettysburg, or John J. Lock, Charlestown, Jefferson co., Va.

M. V. LOCK.
June 18, 1866. tf

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

312. The second and final account of Peter Greenholtz, Administrator of Jacob Greenholtz, deceased.

313. First account of John Wertz, Executor of the last will and testament of David Thoman, deceased.

314. Account of Elijah Spangler, Administrator of Catharine Miller, who was Administratrix of Philip Miller, deceased, cum testamento annexo.

315. The account of Michael Minter, Administrator of George B. Miller, deceased.

316. The first account of Lydia Ann Weigle, late Lydia Ann Rahn, Administratrix of the estate of Samuel P. Rahn, deceased.

317. First and final account of George Baker, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Wm. Baugher, deceased.

318. First and final account of John H. Aulenaugh, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of John G. Morningstar, deceased.

319. The account of Wm. H. Houghtelin, Executor of the will of Cornelius Houghtelin, deceased.

320. First and final account of Joseph Lilly, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Edward Colgan, deceased.

321. The first account of David Schwartz, Executor of the will of John Miller, late of Littlestown, deceased.

322. The first account of Isaiah E. Mehring, acting Administrator of the estate of John Mehring, late of Germany twp., deceased.

323. Account of Adam C. Musselman, late Guardian of Mary E. Snyder, minor child of Jackson Snyder, deceased.

324. The first and final account of Jesse Spahr, Administrator of Mary Spahr, deceased.

325. First and final account of Daniel Geiselman, Administrator of Christian Hostetter, deceased.

326. Second account of Joseph L. Shorb, Esq., Administrator of Mary Sneeringer, dec'd.

327. First and final account of John Hanes, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Maria Bollinger, deceased.

328. First account of Josiah Wickersham, Administrator of the estate of Wm. W. Cook, late of Menallen township, deceased.

329. The first account of Jacob F. Lower, Administrator of the estate of John Lower, late of Franklin township, deceased.

330. The first account of George Myers and John Myers, Executors of the will of Jacob Myers, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

SAMUEL LILLY, Register.
Register's Office, Gettysburg,
July 23, 1866. td

What Every Family Needs.

A COPY of Dr. Chase's Recipes or Information for Everybody. Over 200 copies have already been sold in the south-west end of this county, they giving general satisfaction. We can conscientiously recommend it to be the most reliable work of the kind ever offered to our citizens, and that for so little money, we feel confident that none who purchase the work will ever regret it. Be sure to examine the Descriptive Circulars when left at your homes. Good references, plenty could be given, but we defer it, as it will recommend itself. The county will be canvassed by

GEORGE T. WEIGLE, Agent.
July 16, 1866. 4t*

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale.

JACOB TROXEL.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.
Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Notice.

PHILIP MILLER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration de bonis non, cum testamento annexo, on the estate of Philip Miller, deceased, late of Hamilton twp., Adams co., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY L. MILLER, Adm'r.
July 9, 1866. 6t*

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.
June 18, 1866.

Valuable Properties for Sale.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A FARM of 160 ACRES, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Orchard, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, and other out-buildings, Orchard, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

173 ACRES OF LAND, on the road leading from Hanover to Littlestown. Good limestone farm; large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. The Littlestown Railroad runs through the rear part of the place. Price $85 per acre.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, in Cumberland township, Adams county, three miles from Gettysburg, at which place is a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract. The improvements are a good two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other out-buildings, and a Tenant House with all improvements.

A SMALL FARM of 10 ACRES, with good House and Barn, and other out-buildings—good quality of land—good Store stand—chance to keep toll gate and to attend to a post office. This is a good chance; terms easy.

A FARM of 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and other out-buildings, all new.

LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 15 Acres of Land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM of 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all necessary out-buildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation. This property will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 195 ACRES, near Hunterstown, Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings, and the land is in a fine state of cultivation. This farm will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 38 ACRES, 6 acres in wood, with one-and-a-half-story House, good Barn—land in good cultivation—3½ miles from New Oxford, and 1½ miles from Bonaughtown. Terms easy.

18 ACRES of WOODLAND, 2 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM of 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—in Cumberland township, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, &c.; 40 acres in wood. The Farm has been recently limed.

A FARM of 120 ACRES, with good House and Barn; 12 acres in wood; one mile west of Bonaughtown.

A HOTEL, in New Oxford, two-story, roomy and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford.

Address,
JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
July 9, 1866. 6m

Well-improved Farm,

IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA.,
FOR SALE.

Desiring to change my business, I offer for sale the FARM upon which I reside, 3 miles southeast of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., and 2 miles from the Shenandoah river, containing about 350 ACRES OF LIMESTONE LAND, 60 in fine Timber; under good fencing. The improvements are first rate. The DWELLING was finished in 1860, and contains 14 rooms. The out-buildings are of a character to suit the farm, and comprise a good BARN, Corn and Carriage House, Quarters, Tenents' Houses, Brick Smoke and Ash Houses, Stone Spring House, Poultry Houses, &c., and all under cypress roofing.

Two fine Springs near the house, one in the yard; cistern at the door; never-failing stream through the farm, passing through the barn-yard; 2 young orchards of choice fruit, containing about 250 trees.

I would call the attention of any one wishing a well improved farm to this property—which can be divided into two farms, with buildings on each, and fine water. Any person wishing to see the land will call on D. Humphreys & Co., in Charlestown, who will direct them to it.

JAS. LAW. HOOFF.
July 9, 1866.

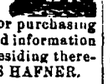
Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers his FARM, with or without the present crop,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Possession given immediately.

The Farm is situated in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Wm. Douglas, Samuel Pitzer and others, containing TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES, with about thirty-five acres of excellent Woodland, and the balance of the farm in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with Spring House, Frame Barn, and other necessary outbuildings.—Terms easy.



Any person desirous of seeing or purchasing the above farm, can get all desired information by calling on the undersigned, residing thereon.

JULIUS HAFNER.
July 16, 1866. tf

Quarterly Report

OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, rendered on the morning of the first Monday in July, 1866, as follows:

DR.	
Loans and Discounts,	$92,395 89
Due from Banks,	17,825 02
Premiums & Revenue Stamps,	1,136 47
U. S. Bonds,	150,350 00
Furniture and Fixtures, &c.,	1,630 31
Cash on hand,	16,885 04
	$280,222 23
CR.	
Capital,	$100,000 00
Circulation,	89,980 00
Due Depositors,	74,016 31
Surplus fund, &c.,	2,494 03
Due Banks & Bankers,	13,731 89
	$280,222 23

The above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 10th day of July, 1866. A. J. COVER, J. P.
July 16, 1866. 3t

Quarterly Report

OF THE GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK, *Gettysburg, July 2, 1866:*

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts,	$143,028 09
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation,	150,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand,	60,809 00
Real Estate,	5,000 00
Expenses,	81 99
Due from Banks,	70,783 57
Cash—U. S. Legal Tender Notes,	38,000 00
Bills of solvent Banks,	9,359 00
Cash Items,	88 44
Bonds (personal)	2,524 17
	$485,625 26
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock,	$145,150 00
Circulation,	130,500 00
Individual deposits,	76,593 15
Due to Banks,	5,768 25
Discounts, Profits & Loss,	18,103 13
Dividends unpaid,	1,327 73
State Bank Circulation,	108,198 00
	$485,625 26

T. D. CARSON, Cashier.
July 16, 1865. 3t

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

MOWERS & REAPERS.

THE undersigned is still Agent for the sale of MOWING AND REAPING MACHINES—both combined and single Mowers.

These machines can be used as Self-Rakers or Hand Rakers, as farmers may wish. They are made with *two* cutter bars, one for cutting grain with sickle knife—cutting five feet nine inches wide—and extra bar, with two knives, for grass,—cutting four feet six inches wide, having iron or wooden frames as desired.—They have two driving wheels and flexible finger bar.

The company building these machines have secured by lease and purchase, the control of all the desirable and standard patents now in use, among which are the

OHIO AND BUCKEYE PATENTS,

to which we direct special attention. In compactness, lightness of draft, excellence of workmanship and finish, combined with great strength and adaptation to all kinds of work, they will compete with, and we believe, surpass, any other machine now offered to the public.

Farmers would do well to examine these machines before purchasing any other. They will be sold as cheap as any other first-class machine now manufactured, and we warrant them to give entire satisfaction or no sale.

☞Extras always kept on hand. Specimen machines can be seen by calling on the Agent, residing on the Harrisburg road, two miles north-east of Gettysburg.

WILLIAM WIBLE, Agent.
April 23, 1866.

NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS now on hand a very large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, mostly of his own manufacturing and well made, embracing every size and price.

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

well selected and very handsome styles, all of which will be sold very cheap, *for cash*. Call and see them. GEORGE ARNOLD.
May 7, 1866. 3m

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.
May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Lime & Coal.

QUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
May 14, 1866. tf

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,

IN CARLISLE STREET, west side, a few doors from the Public Square Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.
May 14, 1866. tf

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.
April 23, 1866.

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED, $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.
May 21, 1866. 1sly

Another Large Stock

OF NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT GRIMES'S.

James A. Grimes, York street, has been to the city again, to replenish his stock, which went off so rapidly, because it was so very good and so very cheap. The new stock beats anything he has yet offered to this community, and he hopes all the people will come and see for themselves. His new purchase of SYRUPS can't be beat, and he will sell from a pint up to a barrel; his SUGARS are of all varieties, including the very primest; his COFFEES are the best in the market; his FISH are elegant; and his FLOUR extra.

He has laid in a large lot of STONE-WARE, which he offers cheap, and is sure will please—so with his WOODEN-WARE, QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, PICKLES, SPICES, CONFECTIONARY, Tobacco and Segars, and the thousand other things to be found in his very full and complete Store. By selling cheap, and selling quick, he expects to get along quite as well as those who have greater profits, but sell slower. [June 11, 1866.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar Institutions; the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.
July 2, 1866. 6m

Notice.

JOSEPH BLOCHER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Blocher, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Mountjoy township, Adams co., and the last named in West Manheim township, York co., they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BLOCHER,
ELI BLOCHER,
June 25, 1866. 6t Executors.

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.
Dec. 15, 1866. tf

For Sale.

A GOOD SECOND HAND MOWING MACHINE will be sold cheap by

SAMUEL HERBST.
June 25, 1866.

Consumptives.

READ WHAT DR. SCHENCK IS DOING.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—

DEAR SIR:—I feel it a duty I owe to you, and to all who are suffering under the diseases known to Consumption and Liver Complaint, to let them know what great benefits I have received from your Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic in so short a time. By the blessing of God it has cured me thus far.

Dr. Schenck, I will now make my statement to you as follows: About eighteen months ago I was attacked with a severe cough, and it settled on my lungs: I could not retain anything I ate, and suffered with evening fevers and night sweats. I was very much reduced. The whites of my eyes were very yellow; likewise my skin; my appetite all gone, and unable to digest what I did eat; bowels swollen, irregular and costive. I was very low spirited, and had such violent spells of coughing when I laid down at night and when I arose in the morning that they would last one or two hours.

I then would be nearly exhausted, and was entirely unable to lie on my left side. I cannot describe my wretched suffering as I would wish to do. Every organ in my body was diseased or deranged. Such was my situation at this time, and I was confined to my bed from the last of February, 1862, to June, 1863, not able to sit up. I had the best of medical attendance the whole of the time. My cough was so very bad that it racked me very much. At this time raised a large quantity of thick yellow, offensive matter, sometimes with blood, and it was generally accompanied by nausea and a furred and thick coated tongue. At the time of coughing so badly I would have sharp, shooting pains in my left side and heart, night sweats, and soreness all through my whole chest; had much inward fever, pain in my back and under my shoulder blades and in the small of my back, and at times so severe that it would throw me into spasms. Now my physician gave me up to die. Others I had, and the best of them, but they could do nothing for me, and at that time I was nothing but skin and bones. I then was in the western part of Missouri. In June last we left there for the East, and in August last we came to New York, and I was so reduced that I could only walk a little with my husband's help.—After I had been here a short time the salt water breeze made me feel much better for a time and then I had again to call a physician for aid. We had four of the best physicians of New York on the diseases of the lungs, and doctors of all kinds, but of no avail. They said I was past cure, and that my lungs were too far gone for any one to cure me. But at this time I was on my feet about the house, not able to do much of anything. In November last I grew worse, and the consumption diarrhœa set in and lasted about eight weeks. We had tried all and everything that I could grasp of like a dying person for my diseases—consumption and liver complaint—but of no avail.

In January, 1863, I was brought down again on my bed, and was not expected to live the night out. My husband stayed at my side, and other friends, and they all gave me up to die. At this time every one who saw me did not think I would ever leave my bed a living woman. The first night I was attacked with spasms, and was deranged most of the time.—*A friend, Mrs. Harris, came* to see me the last of the week, and brought the Sunday Mercury. In it was an account of a great cure performed by Dr. Schenck. She read it to me, and it was so much like my disease that I asked my husband to go and see him for me. At this time I had given up all hopes of ever getting well again, and made my peace with God, to be ready whenever he called for me.

On the 27th of January, 1863, my husband called on Dr. Schenck, 32 Bond street, New York, and stated to him my case, with a request for him to call and see me, which he did, and examined me with the respirometer.—When he was about to go I asked him if he could cure me? His reply was: "I cannot tell, both lungs are diseased, and the bronchial tub

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,

on Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

Great Reduction in Prices.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

are now selling

GOOD CALICOES AT 12½ CENTS, BEST UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 28 CTS.,

and all other Goods in proportion.

If you want CHEAP Goods, now is the time to buy them.

Call at once.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Gettysburg, Mar. 26, 1866.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866. tf

Removal.

CALL AND SEE US IN OUR NEW QUARTERS.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

MICHAEL SPANGLER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has moved his Store into the commodious room on the southeast corner of the Diamond, at which place all are invited to call. He has purchased the property, and had it thoroughly repaired and fitted up in the most splendid style, for the special comfort and convenience of his customers. We now flatter ourselves that we have not only the best store room in the county, but the finest stock of goods ever brought to this place, all of which we are now selling at prices to

DEFY COMPETITION.

We call attention especially to our complete stock of

DOMESTIC AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing all descriptions of

DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOES, CASHMERES, CALICOES, MUSLINS, CORSETS, Hoop Skirts for Ladies and Misses, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroidery, Trimmings and

FANCY ARTICLES.

Also, Gent's FURNISHING GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We are now selling—

Muslins from.....12½ to 28.
Calicoes from.....10 to 16.

and other goods in proportion.

Having made our purchases when goods were at their very lowest grade in the city, we are now offering bargains that cannot fail to please. We invite all to call at our NEW STORE and see if it is not so.

M. SPANGLER.

April 16, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

IN addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF GENERALS, STATESMEN, ACTORS, ETC., ETC.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

☞The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

June 18, 1866. 1y

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

☞All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

☞Send for Circular.☜

Liberal Discount to the trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,

206 *Pearl Street, N. Y.*

July 16, 1866. $10

Coal and Lumber,

Of every variety, at the Yard of

C. H. BUEHLER,

June 18. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

GO TO! GO TO!

H. B. WOODS'

FIRST NATIONAL *HAT, SHOE, NOTION AND VARIETY STORE,*

Where you can buy the cheapest and best goods in town,

Corner of the Diamond and York Street.

HATS.

HATS FOR OLD MEN.—Soft and stiff brims.
HATS FOR FASHIONABLE MEN.—Always the latest out.
HATS FOR YOUNG MEN.—"The latest issues."
HATS FOR BOYS.—Every variety and style.
HATS FOR CHILDREN.—Neat and fashionable.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS FOR MEN AND BOYS.—Cheap and good.
SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS.—A large assortment.
SHOES FOR LADIES.—Good, cheap and neat.
SHOES FOR CHILDREN.—The best assortment in town.
GAITERS OF EVERY STYLE.—For Ladies, Gents and Children.

NOTIONS.

STOCKINGS OF ALL KINDS.—For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
GLOVES.—For Men, Ladies and Children, cheap as ever.
NECK-TIES.—A splendid assortment.
PAPER COLLARS.—For Ladies and Gentlemen.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.—Bordered and Plain, for Ladies and Gents.
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.—Nice and cheap for Children.
COMBS.—Gum and Horn.
SUSPENDERS.—A general assortment.
GARTERS.—Best Elastic for Ladies and Children.
GORSETS.—The best fitting and most comfortable at low prices.
SPOOL COTTON.—Of all colors, cheapest and best.

VARIETY GOODS.

UMBRELLAS.—At lowest prices.
LADIES' BASKETS.—Cheapest in town.
CARRIAGE WHIPS.—Of best India Steel.
STROPS.—That make a keen edge.
SHAVING SOAP AND BRUSHES.—The very best.
LEAD PENCILS.—Of the best make.
SHOE BRUSHES.—Cheap but good.
CARPET SACKS.—Plain and Railroad.
TRUNKS.—Of all sizes.

☞Before purchasing always call at the FIRST NATIONAL STORE and save money by buying cheap. H. B. WOODS.

June 11, 1866.

18 PICKING'S 66.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"GE-WIL-LE-KINS!" WHAT A LARGE Stock of Cheap Clothing at PICKING'S.

PLAYED OUT! THE HIGH PRICES.—Call and be satisfied by pricing Clothing at PICKING'S.

IT CAN'T BE DENIED, THAT PICKING has the largest assortment of Coats, Pants and Vests, in the county.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, in endless variety, cheap at PICKING'S.

IT IS EVEN SO! A large stock of Overshirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, White and Calico shirts, cheap at PICKING'S.

NICE! NICER!! NICEST!!! All kinds Sunday and every-day suits cheap. PICKING'S.

GENTEEL! GENTEELER!! GENTEELEST!!! Black Cloth Frock, and Sack Coats; also all kinds of Cassimere, Duck, Cotton and Linen Coats. Call at PICKING'S.

IT IS INDEED ASTONISHING, what a large and cheap assortment of Pants can be had at PICKING'S.

KEEP TIME! Fine assortment of Clocks cheap at PICKING'S.

NO USE TALKING, but come right along and price Clothing, Notions, &c., at PICKING'S.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. *Violins, Accordions, Flutes and Fifes,* to be had at PICKING'S.

ARE YOU IN? For a cheap suit. Then call at PICKING'S.

GREENBACKS, or any other kind of good money, taken in exchange for Coats, Pants, Vests, &c., at PICKING'S.

THE GREAT SENSATION of the day—Picking's Clothing Store.

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST—Picking's Spring and Summer Clothing.

GO AND SEE Picking's Cheap Clothing.

STOP A MOMENT!—What's the hurry? I want to get a suit at PICKING'S.

MOTHER EARTH is putting on a new suit. Let all the people go to Picking's and do likewise. [April 23, 1866.]

NORRIS STILL AHEAD!

1866. JUST FROM THE CITY! Norris has just returned from the City with the finest and cheapest lot of ready made clothing ever offered in Gettysburg.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! Next door to Buehler's Drug store, where you will find the largest and best selection of HATS and CAPS in Gettysburg.

JE-RU-SA-LEM!—What nice Pants and Vests Norris has at his new Store. He beats 'em all.

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT!—Norris sells Gloves as cheap as they were before the war.

AND THE COLORED TROOPS FOUGHT NOBLY!—If you don't believe it just go to Norris' New Store and he will convince you that "Woolen" Goods are cheaper than they have been since the war.

COME IN OUT OF THE WET!—Norris has Umbrellas so cheap that it is cheaper to keep dry than run around in the rain.

NECKTIES, BUTTERFLIES and everything in that line at NORRIS'S.

LOCKWOOD, LINEN LINED!—Paper Collars and Linen Collars of all kinds and sizes at NORRIS'S.

KEEP TIME!—Fine assortment of Clocks and warranted to keep time at NORRIS'S.

VALISES, TRUNKS, and Carpet Bags, of every description at NORRIS'S.

SARATOGA!—Norris keeps the latest Saratoga Hats.

ON THE ROAD TO BRIGHTON!—The latest Brighton Hats at NORRIS'S.

THE LATEST RESORTE!—Norris has the latest Resorte Hats and the best quality in the market.

YOUNG DRIVING BOYS!—Don't forget that Norris has the latest Driving Hats out.

May 7, 1866.

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,

127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.

April 23, 1866. 1y

CALL and see the most beautiful assortment of new JEWELRY, such as Breast-pins, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Lockets, Chains, &c., at J. BEVAN'S,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has paid *over one hundred and forty thousand dollars* to holders of its policies, including $37,500 to twenty-eight policyholders, for $512 in premiums.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

SWAN'S Store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—*Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line.* Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description.

SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DELAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS, LAWNS, CALICOES,

of all qualities and *choicest styles*, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols. My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of all qualities and choicest styles.

April 16, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. Prepared only by H. L. MILLER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

☞A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,

BOOK BINDER,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,

March 12, '60. Keeper of the Cemetery.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,

165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG,

where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED,

AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK,

which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS,

Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers, Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	" " (tucking)
Wagon Saddles,	No Seam Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Martingals,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Heavy Draft Harness,	Plaited Team Whips,
Blind Bridles,	Trotting Whips,
Girths,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Crappers,	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets, &c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Great Reduction of Prices

AT THE CHEAP GROCERY!

CORNER OF DIAMOND AND CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

JOHN M. SWAN,

Having just returned from the city, respectfully informs his customers, and the public, that he has *succeeded in forming* a connection with one of the first Importing Houses in the city of Baltimore, by which he is enabled to offer Groceries at a lower figure than they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.—If you would save money, call at the Cheap Grocery, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street. He sells exclusively for Cash, and is determined to be ahead of all others in selling cheap. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN M. SWAN.

Accidents!

THE ORIGINAL *TRAVELLERS INSURANCE CO.,*

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Cash Assets, Dec. 1, $581,833.12,

INSURES AGAINST

ACCIDENTS FROM RUNAWAY HORSES,
ACCIDENTS FROM SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS
ASSAULTS BY BURGLARS AND ROBBERS
SPRAINED ANKLES AND BROKEN LIMBS
EXPLOSIONS, COLLISIONS, BURNING & DROWNING.

Accidents of All Kinds.

☞Policies of any amount from $500 to $10,000 in case of fatal accident, or $3 to $50 weekly compensation in case of disabling bodily injury, and from one month to five years time, at *small premiums.*

Oldest and Best Accident Ins. Co. Extant.

J. G. BATTERSON, Pres't.
RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.

☞H. A PICKING, Agent, Gettysburg.

April 9, 1866. 3m

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER

can always be had icy and cool and at all hours.

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNIGH & BRO.

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER,

Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,

Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the original TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It is the oldest, largest, and safest accident insurance company in the country.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

BELL'S

Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,

BURBOUGH BROS.,

Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that our extract of Lemon and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll-Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alternative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!

FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves.

Jan. 16, 1865.

THE GREAT REDUCTION in prices at the EXCELSIOR, in York street, opposite the Bank, places the superior Pictures made at that old establishment within reach of all, and I trust no one will fail to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded. L. G. TYSON.

The Greatest Family Medicine in the World,

FOR

SORE THROAT,

OR

DIPTHERIA.

The attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, is called to the great remedy known as

Stonebraker's BALSAM, OR PAIN KILLER,

As a sure cure for Sore Throat or Diptheria, Croup, Bronchitis, Scarlet Fever, &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also an infallible remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, Sudden Colds and Coughs, Neuralgia, Phthisic, Old Sores, &c. It is also invaluable for Bruises, Frosted Feet, Swelled Joints, Bites of Poisonous Insects, &c., and a prompt and sure remedy for Cramp Cholic and all Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

This medicine has been tried in thousands of cases in different parts of the country, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often be saved by having a couple of bottles of this valuable medicine in the house. As an evidence of its great qualities the proprietor warrants every bottle to give entire satisfaction.

Try it and be convinced of its great value.

READ FURTHER.

STONEBRAKER'S GREAT COUGH REMEDY,

VEGETABLE

COUGH SYRUP

For the Rapid Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, First Stages of Consumption, Soreness of the Throat, and all Affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

This Syrup is an invaluable remedy for the alleviation and cure of Pulmonary Diseases. It is prompt in its action, pleasant to the taste, and from its extreme mildness, is peculiarly applicable to the use of children and persons in delicate health. As an anodyne expectorant, it will always be found to be beneficial, by alleviating and arresting the several spells of coughing so distressing to the patient.

The afflicted can rely upon its doing of much, or more than any other remedy in soothing the nerves, facilitating expectoration, and healing the Diseased Lungs, thus striking at the root of all diseases and eradicating it from the system.

All I ask is a trial of this preparation, as it has no equal in its effects, and never fails to give entire satisfaction to all who use it. We warrant it in all cases or the money refunded.

Try it--only 25 and 50 Cents a Bottle.

READ ONE! READ ALL!

A GREAT DISCOVERY

MADE IN

Stonebraker's DYSPEPSIA BITTERS AND LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Will Cure All Cases of

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

And Diseases Originating from a

DISEASED LIVER and STOMACH

By the use of from one to three bottles the most obstinate cases of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Dropsy, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Nervous Affection and General Debility, caused by exposure, imprudence, or otherwise, Diseases of the Skin, such as Ulcers, Scrofula, Dull Pain in the Head, Yellowness of the Skin, Dimness of Vision, Constant Imaginings of Evil and great Depression of Spirits, ARE ALL SPEEDILY CURED.

This being an entire vegetable compound is warranted a safe and effectual remedy not only for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, but for all other diseases arising from a disorganized or a diseased stomach, or impurity of blood.

As a blood purifier and tonic or general